

**Resource-Efficient Supply Chain for Metal Products in Buildings Sector in South Asia** 







# **METABUILD** status update

### February 2019





### Background



- Resource Efficient Cleaner Production (RECP)
   targets efficient use of resources (energy, water,
   materials) while reducing waste
- RECP can enhance business profitability while saving the environment
- No/low cost measures ("low hanging fruit") can lead to substantial savings
- Applicable across different sectors
- RECP aligns with focus of various South Asian countries on enhancing industrial energy efficiency





### **Objective and target**



#### Main objective:

Reducing waste emissions and increasing resource efficiency in **400** metal component SMEs from the building and construction sector

#### Target sectors:

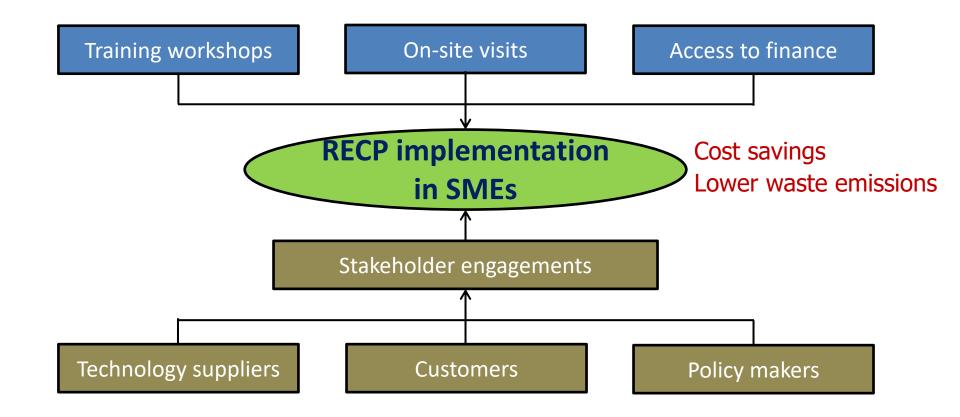
Rolling mills, sheet metal, metal pipes and cables, non-ferrous products (taps, valves etc.), fabrication (frames, grills), aluminium extrusion, metal finishing





### Project structure









## Summary of progress



- **402 companies** participating in the project
- Over **1800 RECP measures** implemented to-date
- Companies benefitting through resource and cost savings
- Stakeholders engagement on-going





### Status of resource reduction



		Bangladesh	Nepal	Sri Lanka
		240	82	80
Reduction per kg product in consumption/generation of				
Material, water	<b>اللہ</b>	2-25%	2-67%	2-50%
Energy		11-74%	2-14%	8-60%
Hazardous waste	*	3-5%	7-50%	2-90%





### Annualized savings overall



#### Energy

Electricity	1,056,533	kWh
Furnace oil	174,881	I
Coal	355,475	kg
Natural gas	146,803	m <sup>3</sup>
Rice husk	27,073	kg
Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG)	3	t
Diesel	2,717	

### Material

Raw material*	487,259	kg
Welding flux	30,000	kg
Acid	424,770	I.
Welding electrode	6,572	kg
Water	9,224,000	I
Paint	86	

\*steel/brass/bakelite etc

Other benefits Power demand reduction Solar power generation Improved tariff scheme Improved working conditions





### Examples of implementation





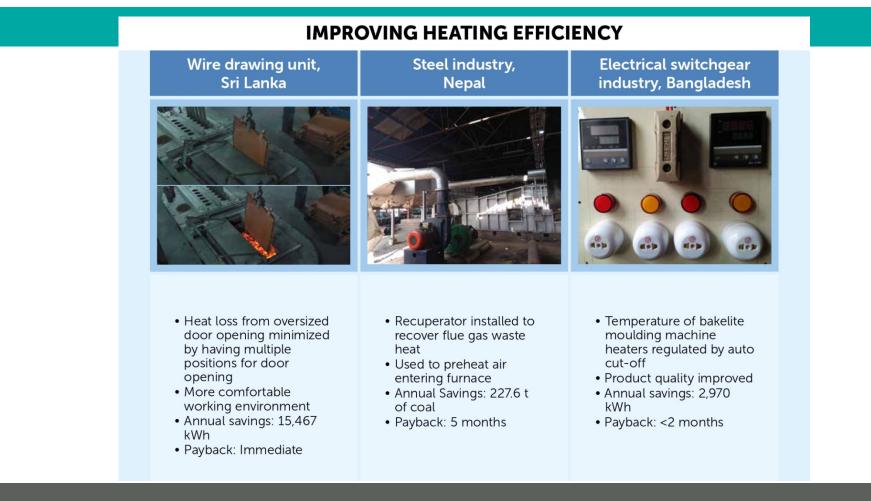
• Payback: 2 months





### **Examples of implementation**









### **Examples of implementation**



#### WATER OPTIMIZATION

Steel industry, Sri Lanka	Fabrication industry, Nepal	Power engineering industry, Bangladesh
<ul> <li>Rainwater from terrace collected in an existing unutilized tank</li> <li>Used for rinsing baths in production</li> <li>Annual savings: 375,000 litres</li> <li>Payback: 3 months</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Water cascading used for rinsing parts after pickling</li> <li>Existing rinse pits were resin coated and used with water cascading</li> <li>Annual savings: 576,000 litres</li> <li>Payback: 26 months</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Workers were trained to allow adequate time for drain out while removing parts from acid treatment tanks</li> <li>A buzzer with stop watch was installed to provide reminder</li> <li>Annual savings: 137 L acid and 10,800 L water</li> <li>Payback: &lt; 1 month</li> </ul>





### Company trainings



- In-house and off-site company trainings on-going
- Specific topics on energy, water, materials and EHS (environment health and safety) covered to-date







### **Customer roundtables**



- Focused on greening the supply chain
- Participants learned about supply chain tool and its application
- Created awareness and interest among participants on this topic







### **Technology** fairs



- Companies learnt about RECP products
- Actions towards new purchases on-going







### Financing support



- Workshops held for financial institutions on financial products prototyping
- Follow-up on-going with interested companies and banks for RECP finance access













- Continue to support companies in RECP implementation
- Measure savings and impact
- Dissemination of outcome and learnings
- Create structures for post-project sustainability of the action



